

Exercise 3.4

Q.1 Use log tables to find the value of

(i) 0.8176×13.64

Solution: 0.8176×13.64

Suppose

$$x = 0.8176 \times 13.64$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\log x = \log(0.8176 \times 13.64)$$

According to first law of logarithm

$$\log x = \log 0.8176 + \log 13.64$$

$$= \bar{1}.9125 + 1.1348$$

$$\log x = -1 + 0.9125 + 1.1348$$

$$\log x = 1.0473$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } 1.0473$$

$$\text{Ch} = 1$$

$$x = 1.115$$

Reference point

$$x = 11.15 \text{ Ans}$$

(ii) $(789.5)^{\frac{1}{8}}$

Solution: $(789.5)^{\frac{1}{8}}$

Let $x = (789.5)^{\frac{1}{8}}$

Taking log on both sides

$$\log x = \log(789.5)^{\frac{1}{8}}$$

According to third law

$$\log x = \frac{1}{8} \log(789.5)$$

$$\log x = \frac{1}{8}(2.8974)$$

$$= \frac{2.8974}{8}$$

$$\log x = 0.3622$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } 0.3622$$

$$\text{Characteristics} = 0$$

$$x = 2.302$$

Reference point

$$x = 2.302 \text{ Ans}$$

(iii) $\frac{0.678 \times 9.01}{0.0234}$

Solution: $\frac{0.678 \times 9.01}{0.0234}$

Suppose

$$x = \frac{0.678 \times 9.01}{0.0234}$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\log x = \log \frac{0.678 \times 9.01}{0.0234}$$

According to 1st and 2nd law of log

$$\log x = \log 0.678 + \log 9.01 - \log 0.0234$$

$$\log x = \bar{1}.8312 + 0.9547 - \bar{2}.3692$$

$$= -1 + 0.8312 + 0.9547 - (-2 + 0.3692)$$

$$= 2.4167$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } 2.4167$$

$$\text{Characteristics} = 2$$

$$x = 2.610$$

$$x = 261.0 \text{ Ans}$$

(iv) $\sqrt[5]{2.709} \times \sqrt[7]{1.239}$

Solution: $\sqrt[5]{2.709} \times \sqrt[7]{1.239}$

$$(2.709)^{\frac{1}{5}} \times (1.239)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$

Suppose:

$$x = (2.709)^{\frac{1}{5}} \times (1.239)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$

Taking log on both side

$$\log x = \log \left[(2.709)^{\frac{1}{5}} \times (1.239)^{\frac{1}{7}} \right]$$

According to law of logarithm

$$\log x = \log(2.709)^{\frac{1}{5}} + \log(1.239)^{\frac{1}{7}}$$

According to third law of logarithm

$$\log x = \frac{1}{5} \log(2.709) + \frac{1}{7} \log(1.239)$$

$$\log x = \frac{1}{5} \log(2.709) + \frac{1}{7} \log(1.239)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} 0.4328 + \frac{1}{7} 0.0931$$

$$= \frac{0.4328}{5} + \frac{0.0931}{7}$$

$$0.0866 + 0.0133$$

$$= 0.0999$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } 0.999$$

Characteristics = 0

$$x = 1.259$$

Reference point

$$x = 1.259 \text{ Ans}$$

(v)

$$\frac{1.23 \times 0.6975}{0.0075 \times 1278}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{1.23 \times 0.6975}{0.0075 \times 1278}$$

Suppose

$$x = \frac{1.23 \times 0.6975}{0.0075 \times 1278}$$

$$\log x = \log \frac{1.23 \times 0.6975}{0.0075 \times 1278}$$

$$= \log(1.23 \times 0.6975) - \log(0.0075 \times 1278)$$

$$= \log 1.23 + \log 0.6975 - (\log 0.0075 + \log 1278)$$

$$= \log 1.23 + \log 0.6975 - \log 0.0075 - \log 1278$$

$$= 0.0899 + \bar{1}.8435 - \bar{3}.8751 - 3.1065$$

$$= 0.8999 + (-1 + 0.8435) - (-3 + 0.8751) + 3.1065$$

$$= -1.0482$$

$$\log x = -2 + 2 - 1.0482$$

$$\log x = 02 + 0.9515$$

$$\log x = \bar{2}.9518$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } \bar{2}.9518$$

$$\text{Ch} = \bar{2}$$

$$x = 8950$$

$$= 0.08950 \text{ Ans}$$

(vi)

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{0.7214 \times 20.37}{60.8}}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \sqrt[3]{\frac{0.7214 \times 20.37}{60.8}}$$

$$\text{Let } x = \left[\frac{0.7214 \times 20.37}{60.8} \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\log x = \log \left(\frac{0.7214 \times 20.37}{60.8} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

3rd of logarithm

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3} \log \left[\frac{0.7214 \times 20.37}{60.8} \right]$$

According to first and 2nd law

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3} [\log 0.7214 + \log 37 - \log 60.8]$$

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3} [\bar{1}.8582 + 1.3089 - 1.7839]$$

$$\frac{1}{3} [-1 + 0.8582 + 1.3089 - 1.7839]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (-0.6168)$$

$$= -0.2056$$

$\log x$ is in negative, so

$$\log x = -1 + 1 - 0.2056$$

$$= -1 + 79144$$

$$= \bar{1}.7944$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } \bar{1}.7944$$

$$\text{Ch} = \bar{1}$$

$$x = 6229$$

Reference point

$$0.6229 \text{ Ans}$$

(vii)

$$\frac{83 \times \sqrt[3]{92}}{127 \times \sqrt[5]{246}}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{83 \times \sqrt[3]{92}}{127 \times \sqrt[5]{246}}$$

$$\text{Suppose: } x = \frac{83 \times \sqrt[3]{92}}{127 \times \sqrt[5]{246}}$$

$$x = \frac{83 \times (92)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{127 \times (246)^{\frac{1}{5}}}$$

Taking on both side

$$\log x = \log \frac{83 \times (92)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{127 \times (246)^{\frac{1}{5}}}$$

According to 1st and 2nd law of log

$$\log x = \log 83 + \log (92)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \log 127 - \log (246)^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

According to third law of log

$$\log x = \log 83 + \frac{1}{3} \log 92 - \log 127 - \frac{1}{5} \log 246$$

$$\log x = (1.9191) + \frac{1}{3}(1.9638) - (2.1038)$$

$$- \frac{1}{5}(2.3909)$$

$$= 1.9191 + 0.65460 - 2.1038 - 0.47818$$

$$= 1.9191 + 0.6546 - 2.1038 - 0.47818$$

$$= -0.0083$$

$\log x$ is in negative, so

$$\log x = -1 + 1 - 0.0083$$

$$= -1 + 0.9917$$

$$= \bar{1}.9917$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } \bar{1}.9917$$

$$\text{Ch} = \bar{1}$$

$$x = 9.811$$

Reference point

$$x = 0.9811 \text{ Ans}$$

$$\text{(viii)} \quad \frac{(438)^3 \sqrt{0.056}}{(388)^4}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{(438)^3 \sqrt{0.056}}{(388)^4}$$

$$\text{Suppose: } x = \frac{(438)^3 \sqrt{0.056}}{(388)^4}$$

$$x = \frac{(438)^3 (0.056)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(388)^4}$$

$$x = \frac{(438)^3 (0.056)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(388)^4}$$

Taking log on both side

$$\log x = \log \left(\frac{(438)^3 (0.056)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(388)^4} \right)$$

According to 1st and 2nd law

$$\log x = \log (438)^3 + \log (0.056)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \log (388)^4$$

According to third law

$$\log x = 3 \log (438) + \frac{1}{2} \log (0.056) - 4 \log (38)$$

$$\log x = 3(2.6415) + \frac{1}{2}(\bar{2}.7482) - 4(2.5888)$$

$$= 7.9245 + \frac{1}{2}(-2 + 0.7482) - 10.3552$$

$$= 7.9245 + \frac{1}{2}(-1.2518) - 10.3552$$

$$= 7.9245 - 0.6259 - 10.3552$$

$$= -3.0566$$

\log is in negative, so

$$\log x = -4 + 4 - 3.0566$$

$$= -4 + 0.9434$$

To find antilog

$$x = \text{antilog } \bar{4}.9434$$

$$\text{Ch} = \bar{4}$$

$$x = 8778$$

Reference point

$$= 0.0008778 \text{ Ans}$$

Q.2 A gas is expanding according to the law $pv^n = C$.

Find C when $p = 80$, $v = 3.1$ and

$$n = \frac{5}{4}.$$

Solution: Given that $pv^n = C$

Taking log on both sides

$$\text{Log } (pv^n) = \log C$$

$$\text{Log } P + \log v^n = \log C$$

$$\text{Log } C = \log P + \log v^n$$

$$\text{Log } C = \log P + n \log v$$

$$\text{Putting } P=80, v=3.1 \text{ and } n = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Log } C &= \log 80 + \frac{5}{4} \log 3.1 \\ &= 1.9031 + \frac{5}{4} (0.4914) \\ &= 1.9031 + 0.6143 \\ \text{Log } C &= 2.5174 \\ \text{Taking antilog both sides} \\ C &= \text{Antilog } (2.5174) \\ C &= 329.2 \text{ Ans:} \end{aligned}$$

Q.3 The formula $p = 90(5)^{-q/10}$ applies to the demand of a product, where q is the number of units and p is the price of one unit. How many units will be demanded if the price is Rs 18.00?

Solution: Given that $p = 90(5)^{-q/10}$
 Taking log on both sides

$$\text{Log } p = \log \left(90(5)^{-q/10} \right)$$

$$\text{Log } p = \log 90 + \log 5^{-q/10}$$

$$\text{Log } p = \log 90 - \frac{q}{10} \log 5$$

$$\text{Log } 18 = \log 90 - \frac{q}{10} \log 5$$
 (P = 18)

$$1.2553 = 1.9542 - \frac{q}{10} \times 0.6990$$

$$1.2553 - 1.9542 = -\frac{q}{10} \times 0.6990$$

$$-0.6989 \times 10 = -q \times 0.6990$$

$$-6.989 = -q \times 0.6996$$

$$\frac{6.989}{0.6990} = q$$

$$q = 10 \text{ approximately}$$
 Hence 10 units will be demanded

Q.4 If $A = \pi r^2$, find A, when $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ and $r = 15$.

Solution: Given that $A = \pi r^2$
 Taking log on both sides

$$\text{Log } A = \log \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Log } A = \log \pi + \log r^2$$

$$\text{Log } A = \log \pi + 2 \log r$$

$$\text{Putting } \pi = \frac{22}{7} \text{ and } r = 15$$

$$\text{Log } A = \log \frac{22}{7} + 2 \log 15$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \log 22 - \log 7 + 2 \log 15 \\ &= 1.3424 - 0.8451 + 2(1.1761) \\ &= 0.4973 + 2.3522 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Log } A = 2.8495$$

Taking antilog on both sides

$$A = \text{antilog } 2.8495$$

$$A = 707.1 \text{ Ans}$$

Q.5 If $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$, find V, when

$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}, r = 2.5 \text{ and } h = 4.2.$$

Solution: Given that $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

Taking log on both sides

$$\text{Log } V = \log \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \log \frac{1}{3} + \log \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \log 1 - \log 3 + \log \pi r^2 + \log h$$

$$= 0 - 0.4771 + \log \pi + \log r^2 + \log h$$

$$= -0.4771 + \log \frac{22}{7} + 2 \log r + \log h$$

$$\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}, r = 2.5 \text{ and } h = 4.2 \right)$$

$$= -0.4771 + \log 22 - \log 7 + 2 \log 2.5 + \log 4.2$$

$$= -0.4771 + 1.3424 - 0.8450 + 2 \times 0.3979 + 0.6232$$

$$= -0.4771 + 1.3424 - 0.8450 + 0.7959 + 0.6232$$

$$\text{Log } V = 1.4394$$

Taking antilog on both sides

$$V = \text{antilog } 1.4394$$

$$V = 27.50 \text{ Ans}$$